The World Bank’s recent report titled Women, Business and the Law 2022 states that Nepal has made the fastest progress among South Asian countries when it comes to combating gender-based gaps. In the report that analyzed the laws of 143 countries on eight indicators; mobility, workplace, pay, marriage, entrepreneurship, assets, and pension, Nepal scored 80.6 points out of 100. The neighboring country, India scored 74.4, Bhutan scored 71.5, and Bangladesh 49.4. Nepal received 100 points on three indicators; workplace, pay, marriage, 75 points on the other 3 indicators; mobility, entrepreneurship, pension, 80 points on assets, and 40 points on parenthood. But while the numbers look astonishing, there still is a long way for Nepal to go. Yes, the subsidies on registration fees and taxes have increased the number of women run-businesses and women-owned properties on paper, but it is worth noting if the women really have control over those assets. Also, it is important to rethink if the indicators where Nepal received full points based on the laws would also receive full points on implementation.

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**GOVERNANCE**

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Issue 7 || March 4, 2022

Women Power Needs to be Exercised in Real Life, not Just in Indicators

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**Governance Issues of the Week**

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